

Procedures

Incidents

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Introduction

Report incidents involving assaults toward a detector dog, dog aggression and/or situations involving a canine team (example: passenger assaults a canine officer) to the Commissioner's Situation room. Contact local CBP management and the RCPC, following the directions in this manual for the particular situation. Refer to CBP Directive No. 3340-025B: Commissioner's Situation Room Reporting in Appendix H for further guidance.

Assaults Toward a Detector Dog

If your detector dog is assaulted or interfered with, consult with your Regional Canine Program Coordinator (RCPC) and immediately notify your local port manager.



Under authority of Sec. 501, Title V of Bill H.R. 2559 (commonly known as the Barney Bill), anyone who intentionally harms or interferes with a USDA detector dog may face a fine of up to \$10,000. See *Appendix J* for the legislative authority. Refer to the following steps if your dog is assaulted. If the injury or illness is life threatening, contact your supervisor as soon as possible. If the incident is critical but not life threatening, contact your supervisor before taking the dog to the veterinarian. The Canine Officer is responsible for contacting the RCPC.

- **1.** Stabilize the dog using the procedures for "Injury and Sudden Illness" on **page-2-2-8**.
- **2.** Get a witness statement from anyone who saw the attack. This includes the PPQ Canine Officer. The statement should include who, what, when, where, and why. Fill out a detector dog assault report (see *Figure 2-2-1*).
- **3.** If the attacking passenger is cooperative, get a statement from him/her. Ask local security for assistance in talking to the attacking passenger, if necessary.

- **4.** Get identifying information of the attacking passenger, including the name, address, time of day, and airline on which he or she was flying. Get a copy of the passport and declaration.
- **5.** Photograph the dog, if it has visible injuries, before the visit to the veterinarian, if possible.
- **6.** Take the dog to a veterinarian immediately for examination. Be sure to get the veterinarian's statement.
- 7. Contact your RCPC immediately.
- **8.** Contact your local Investigative Enforcement Services (IES).



Do **not** write a civil penalty, as legal action will be taken based on the IES investigation.

Detector Dog Assault Report

Name	Canine				
Duty Location					
Date/Time of Statement					
Please answer the following questions regarding the incident:					
1. Did you witness the incident?		Yes	No		
2. Was the detector dog injured as a result of the inc	ident?	Yes	No		
If yes, describe the injuries in detail					
 3. Was the aggressor injured in any way by the detection If yes, complete a Detector Dog Aggression F 	C	Yes	No		
4. Were there other witnesses to the incident?		Yes	No		
If yes, please list the witnesses' names and contact n this report. If possible, have them fill out a separate form.	-	• •	-		
 Get identifying information of attacking passe airline he or she was flying on. Photocopy info passport, driver's license. Attach information 	ormation concern				
◆ Follow all instructions on assaults from the N	ational Detector I	Oog Manual.			
Describe your observation of the assault in detail (at	tach sheet if need	ed).			

Attach any photographs.

FIGURE 2-2-1: Detector Dog Assault Report

Dog Aggression

It is important to collect a detector dog aggression report from each individual who witnessed the incident in its entirety. If any person (including a Canine Officer, a kennel worker, or a passenger) is allegedly bitten by a detector dog or if the detector dog shows any aggression toward a person, then do the following:

- **1.** If the dog behaves aggressively, immediately remove it from the work environment and contact local port management.
- 2. Secure the dog in a crate until you can take it to the veterinarian for a physical exam. The medical evaluation should be conducted within 48 hours and should include tests for hormonal balance, structural or soft tissue pain or discomfort, a neurological consultation, urine metabolite screening (especially for excessive levels of glutamine, associated with neuronal death) and allergies.
- **3.** If someone is bitten or is allegedly bitten, take the person to a quiet place, such as an office. Call emergency medical service and administer first aid, if necessary. If there is bleeding, use precautions.
- **4.** Get the following information about the person who was allegedly bitten:
 - A. Name
 - B. Address
 - **C.** Other pertinent information—medications used, permanent residence or temporary residence while in the United States, if a passenger. Make a copy of the passport, customs declaration, and driver's license.
 - **D.** If the person refuses emergency medical service, make note of the refusal. Try to get the person's signature on a statement of refusal of emergency medical service (SF 95).
 - **E.** Have the individual and all witnesses complete the detector dog aggression report.
 - **F.** Photograph the injury if possible.
 - **G.** If the aggression incident occurred in the Federal Inspection Service (FIS) area, note it on the passenger's declaration card. Make a copy of the card.
- **5.** If the person goes to a hospital, notify the nearest Office of General Counsel (OGC) at http://dc-directory.hqnet.usda.gov/phone.php. Each work location should have the telephone number of the nearest OGC available in case it is needed. Record the number at the end of this section.

6. Direct the victim to complete a Standard Form 95, Claim for Damage, Injury, or Death (Standard Form 95A is a Spanish version). Refer to *Figure 2-2-2* for a sample of the form. Direct the victim to return the form to the local PPQ office or to the following address:

USDA-APHIS-ABS Accounting and Property Services 100 N. Sixth Street, 5th Floor Minneapolis, MN 55403

For further information about procedures for tort claims, see Departmental Regulation 2510-1, Claims Against the United States, dated July 20, 1992. Work locations should have this regulation on file.

- **7.** Write a detailed detector dog aggression report as soon as possible. Each work location decides the protocol for notifying management after duty hours. Refer to *Figure 2-2-3* for a sample of the form.
- **8.** Submit the complete packet to the RCPC within **72** hrs. of the incident. Await further instructions regarding the detector dog.
- **9.** Do not allow the detector dog back into service until notified by your RCPC. The incident will have to be investigated thoroughly by your RCPC. The RCPC will inform the RPM, who will inform the NDDPM of the aggressive incident or bite.

Dog Aggression

CLAIM FOR DAMA INJURY, OR DEA	-	supply information re	ase read carefully the instructions on the reverse side and quested on both sides of the form. Use additional sheet(s) if OMB NO. 1105-0008			
Submit To Appropriate Federal Agency: 2. Name, Address of claimant and claimant's personal representative, if any (See instructions on reverse.) (Number, street, city, State and Zip Code)						
3. TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT 4. I	DATE OF BIRTI	H 5. MARITAL STATE	US 6. DATE AND E	DAY OF ACCIDE	ENT	7. TIME (A.M. or P.M.)
8. Basis of Claim (State in detail	il the known fo	cts and circumstances	attending the dam	age injuny or d	eath identifying per	sons and property
-						
9. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWN	ER, IF OTHER		TY DAMAGE mber, street, citv, S	tate, and Zip Ci	ode)	
instructions on reverse side.) 10. STATE NATURE AND EXTENT C STATE NAME OF INJURED PERS		RY OR CAUSE OF DEA	Y/WRONGFUL DEA TH, WHICH FORMS		FTHE CLAIM. IF OT	THER THAN CLAIMANT,
11.		WIT	NESSES			
NAM	E		ADDRESS	S (Number, stree	et, city, State, and Z	ip Code)
12. (See instructions on reverse 12a. PROPERTY DAMAGE		ONAL INJURY	LAIM (In dollars) 12c. WRONGFUL	DEATH	12d. TOTAL (Faile	ure to specify may cause
l						your rights.)
I CERTIFY THAT THE AMOUNT SAID AMOUNT IN FULL SATISF 13a. SIGNATURE OF CLAIMAN	ACTION AND	FINAL SETTLEMENT (ACCIDENT ABOVE	AND AGREE TO ACCEPT 14. DATE OF CLAIM
CIVIL PENALTY FOR PRESENTING FRAUDULENT CLAIM		CRI	CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR PRESENTING FRAUDULENT CLAIM OR MAKING FALSE STATEMENTS			
The claimant shall forfeit and pay to the United States the sum of \$2,000 plus double the amount of damages sustained by the United States. (See 31 U.S.C. 3729.)						
95-109 Previous editions not usable. Designed using Perform Pro, WHS/DIOR, J	un 98	NSN 7540-00-634-4	4046			RD FORM 95 (Rev. 7-85) (EG) BED BY DEPT. OF JUSTICE

FIGURE 2-2-2: Sample of Standard Form 95, Claim for Damage, Injury, or Death

Detector Dog Aggression Report

Name	Phone				
Duty Location					
Date/Time of Statement					
Please answer the following ques	stions regarding the incide	ent:			
1. Did you witness the incident?	Yes	No			
2. What type of incident was it?					
Any form of aggression towards the detector dog					
Re-directed aggression					
Medical reason (i.e. seizure)					
Other (i.e. food grabbing)					
3. Was there a wound as a result of the incident?	Yes	No			
If yes, was the skin broken?	Yes	No			
If yes, was medical attention required?	Yes	No			
Describe the injuries in detail					
 4. Was the dog assaulted as a result of this incident? ◆ If yes, complete a Detector Dog Assault Report 	Yes	No			
5. Were there other witnesses to the incident?	Yes	No			
If yes, please list the witnesses' names and contact nut this report. If possible, have them fill out a separate I this form.	1 1 1				
Describe your observation of the incident in detail (at	ttach sheet if needed).				
Attach any photographs.					

FIGURE 2-2-3: Detector Dog Aggression Report

Emergency Response Plan

Every PPQ work location should have on file an emergency response plan. This plan directs local managers when confronted with civil disturbances and natural disasters, such as flood, fire, hurricane, tornado, earthquake, or inclement weather. At work locations where there is a detector dog team, the emergency response plan should include plans to secure the safety of the detector dog.

The plan should address the following issues for securing the detector dog. This list is not inclusive.

- ♦ Who is responsible for implementing the plan
- ♦ Emergency veterinary care
- ◆ Alternative kenneling
- Methods of providing basic needs of the detector dog, such as food, water, and exercise
- ◆ Installation of smoke detectors in detector dogs' working environment

Injury and Sudden Illness

The Canine Officer is responsible for determining when the detector dog needs medical care and must ensure the dog's needs are met when it is injured or ill.

- **1.** Stabilize the dog.
- 2. Administer first aid or emergency care. Refer to **First Aid and Emergency Care** information behind the green tab.
- **3.** If the first aid indicates to immediately take the dog to the veterinarian, then do so.



If the injury or illness is life threatening, contact your supervisor as soon as possible. If the incident is critical but not life threatening, contact your supervisor before taking the dog to the veterinarian. The Canine Officer is responsible for contacting the RCPC.

4. Require a written release from the veterinarian stating that the dog is able to return to work with no restriction.

Detector dogs that have been injured or ill and under a veterinarian's care will not return to work until the release is provided. Therefore, Canine Officers need to keep their supervisors informed since they are assigning and directing work activities. The Canine Officer will send a copy of the release to the RCPC.

5. Get a copy of the veterinary bill.

Incident Contact	s
	The remainder of this section is for you to record local contacts you wish to have in the manual in case of an incident.
	Veterinarian:
	Local emergency or veterinary service:
	National Animal Poison Control Center:
	1-900-680-0000 1-800-548-2423 Local:
	Police:
	Office of General Counsel:
	Other local contacts:

Procedures: Incidents Incident Contacts